

PURUS VI : APRIL/MAY- 2012 (Sem. Pattern)
SUBJECT: PHARMACOLOGY-III

Day: Saturday
Date: 05-05-2012

Time: 10:00 AM TO 1:00 PM
Max. Marks: 80

- N.B.:**
- 1) Question 1 and 5 are **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) Out of remaining answer any **TWO** questions form each section.
 - 3) Answer to the sections should be written in **SEPARATE** answer book.
 - 4) Draw well labeled diagrams **WHEREVER** required.

SECTION-I

- Q.1** Answer any five of the following: (10)
- a) Name two cognition enhancers.
 - b) What happens when barbiturates are given to patients with pain?
 - c) What is MAC value?
 - d) Name CNS stimulants.
 - e) Enumerate uses of morphine.
 - f) Name atypical neuroleptics.
- Q.2**
- a) Discuss the different stages of general anesthesia. (08)
 - b) What are the pharmacological effects of Benzodiazepines? (07)
- Q.3**
- a) Describe the general treatment of acute poisoning. (08)
 - b) Discuss the symptoms and treatment of arsenic poisoning. (07)
- Q.4** Write short notes on any **THREE** of the following: (15)
- a) Tricyclic antidepressants.
 - b) Lithium.
 - c) Adverse effects of NSAID's.
 - d) Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors.

SECTION-II

- Q.5** Comment on any **FIVE** of the following: (10)
- a) MAO inhibitors are contraindicated with cheese.
 - b) Use of thiopental as anesthetic agent.
 - c) Newer drugs used for treatment of Epilepsy.
 - d) Use of peripheral Dopa Decarboxylase inhibitors with L- Dopa.
 - e) Specific antagonist of Benzodiazepines.
 - f) Inhalation anesthetics.
- Q.6**
- a) Describe the mechanism of action and toxicity of Phenytoin. (08)
 - b) Explain the relation between NSAIDS and Prostaglandin (PG) synthesis inhibition. (07)
- Q.7**
- a) Classify antipsychotic drugs. Describe the actions and side effects of Chlorpromazine. (08)
 - b) Classify drugs used for the treatment of Gout. Describe the mechanism of action, adverse effects and uses of Allopurinol. (07)
- Q.8** Write short notes on any **THREE** of the following: (15)

PURUS-VI (SEMESTER PATTERN) : APRIL/ MAY 2012
SUBJECT : MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY-II

Day : Tuesday
Date : 24-04-2012

Time : 10:00 AM TO 1:00 P.M.
Max. Marks : 80.

N.B.

- 1) Q. No. 1 and Q. No. 5 are **COMPULSORY**. Out of the remaining attempt any **TWO** questions from Section-I and any **TWO** questions from Section-II.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in **SEPARATE** answer books.
- 3) Figures to the **RIGHT** indicate full marks.

SECTION-I

Q.1 Attempt any **FIVE** questions of the following: **(10)**

- a) List out four important modifications on butyrophenones for optimum antipsychotic activity.
- b) Give synthesis and explain mode of action of ethacrynic acid.
- c) Give structures of any two dibenzazepine class of antidepressants.
- d) Explain biogenic theory of depression and antidepressant action.
- e) How benzodiazepines give their anxiolytic action?
- f) Outline synthesis of doxepin.
- g) Explain how dimercaprol reverses diuretic action of mercurials.

Q.2 a) Classify antipsychotics with examples and explain their mode of action. **(04)**

b) Discuss SAR of phenothiazines. **(05)**

c) Draw all the tricyclic systems showing antidepressant action and discuss their SAR. **(06)**

Q.3 a) Justify the statement 'To possess good hypnotic activity a barbituric acid must be weakly acidic.' **(05)**

b) Classify anticonvulsants and discuss chemistry of hydantoins and oxazolindiones. **(05)**

c) Give a brief account of nonbarbiturate sedatives. **(05)**

Q.4 Write short notes on any **THREE** of the following: **(15)**

- a) Carbonic anhydrase inhibitors
- b) SAR of thiazides
- c) Potassium sparing diuretics
- d) Anxiolytics
- e) MAO inhibitors.

P.T.O.

SECTION-II

- Q.5** Attempt any **FIVE** questions of the following: (10)
- a) Give any one example of metabolic pathway by oxidation with reaction.
 - b) Define conjugation reactions with example.
 - c) Define analeptics. Give the structure of any one analeptic agent.
 - d) Give therapeutic applications of CNS stimulants.
 - e) Outline synthesis of Nikethamide.
 - f) Define local anesthetic agent. What are sites of action of local anesthetics?
 - g) Define hallucinogens. Give any one structure of Lysergic acid derivative.
- Q.6** a) What do you mean by drug metabolism. Comment on Phase-I reactions in details. (10)
- b) Describe the factors influencing metabolic pathways of the drug. (05)
- Q.7** a) Give classification of general anaesthetic agents with structure. Describe SAR, mode of action and their therapeutic uses. (10)
- b) Comment on preanaesthetic medications. (05)
- Q.8** Write short notes on any **THREE** of the following: (15)
- a) Adverse effects of CNS stimulants
 - b) Anorexiant
 - c) MOA of Local anesthetics
 - d) Respiratory stimulants.
 - e) SAR of local anesthetics

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PURUS-VIII : APRIL/ MAY- 2012 (Sem. Pattern)
SUBJECT : DOSAGE FORM DESIGN-III

Day : Monday
Date : 30-04-2012

Time : 2:00 P.M. TO 5:00 P.M.
Max. Marks : 80.

N.B.:

- 1) Q. No. 1 and Q. No. 5 are **COMPULSORY**. Out of the remaining attempt any **TWO** questions from each section.
- 2) Both the sections should be written in **SEPARATE** answer books.
- 3) Figures to the **RIGHT** indicate full marks.

SECTION-I

- Q.1** Solve any **FIVE** questions of the following: **(10)**
- a) What are self regulating DDS?
 - b) State the differences between sustained and controlled release DDS.
 - c) Draw a neat diagram of magnetically activated DDS.
 - d) Enumerate various factors influencing release of drug from matrix formulation.
 - e) What are Gel diffusion controlled DDS?
 - f) Show diagrammatically a nitrodisc.
 - g) What are ocusert systems?
- Q.2** a) Discuss how cross-linking influences the release of drug from matrix systems. **(08)**
b) Discuss giving suitable example osmotically activated DDS. **(07)**
- Q.3** a) Comment on Ionexchange controlled DDS. **(08)**
b) Discuss the mechanistic approach of release of drug from matrix DDS. **(07)**
- Q.4** Write notes on any **THREE** of the following: **(15)**
- a) Gel diffusion controlled DDS.
 - b) Micro-reservoir controlled DDS.
 - c) Feedback regulated DDS.
 - d) Floating DDS.
 - e) Merits and demerits of controlled DDS.

SECTION-II

- Q.5** Solve any **FIVE** questions of the following: **(10)**
- a) Classify transdermal DDS.
 - b) Give the physiology of nasal secretion.
 - c) Draw a neat diagram of Anderson cascade impactor.
 - d) Enumerate advantages of liposomes in DDS.
 - e) Give two applications of monoclonal antibodies in DDS.
 - f) Enumerate components of niosomes.
 - g) Explain the principle of inertial sampling of aerosols.
- Q.6** a) Write in detailed the formulation of nasal DDS. **(08)**
b) Discuss the coupling methods for antibody drug conjugates in antibody DDS. **(07)**
- Q.7** a) Discuss the various formulations for rectal DDS. **(08)**
b) Discuss the formulative principles of liposomes. **(07)**
- Q.8** Write notes on any **THREE** of the following: **(15)**
- a) Applications of niosomes
 - b) Types and applications of liposomes
 - c) QC. of aerosols
 - d) Manufacturing of aerosols
 - e) Transdermal DDS.

PURUS – VII (SEMESTER PATTERN) : APRIL/MAY-2012
SUBJECT : PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS – IV

Day: Saturday
Date: 28-04-2012

Time: 2:00 P.M. TO 5:00 P.M.
Max. Marks : 80

N.B.

- 1) Question No. 1 and Question No. 5 is **Compulsory**, out of the remaining attempt any **TWO** questions from each section.
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in **Separate** answer books.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate **Full** marks.

SECTION - I

- Q.1** Answer in short (**Any Five**) (10)
- a) Why glass is not used in UV spectroscopy?
 - b) Different types of wavelength selectors.
 - c) Color comparison techniques.
 - d) Different read out devices.
 - e) Different types of radiations in EMR spectrum.
 - f) Three regions of UV and their wavelengths.
 - g) Different noises in instruments.
- Q.2** a) State Beer Lambert Law, its deviations and limitations. (10)
b) Write a note on spectrophotometric titrations. (05)
- Q.3** a) Explain the different wavelength selectors. (09)
b) Write about the different readout devices. (06)
- Q.4** Write notes on (**Any Three**) (15)
- a) PMT
 - b) Explain energy diagram in UV.
 - c) Applications of UV and VISIBLE spectroscopy.
 - d) Sources of errors in quantitative UV spectroscopy.

SECTION – II

- Q.5** Answer in short (**Any Five**) (10)
- a) Why should sample be dried before obtaining its IR spectrum?
 - b) Name components of FTIR spectrometer.
 - c) What is meant by 'Inter system crossing'?
 - d) Explain the difference between Nephelometry and Turbidimetry.
 - e) What is Triplet state?
 - f) State in brief the Principle of turbidimetric titrations.
 - g) What is Rayleigh scattering?
- Q.6** a) Compare dispersive IR and FTIR. (06)
b) Discuss applications of Turbidimetry and Nephelometry. (09)
- Q.7** a) Discuss the factors affecting intensity of fluorescence. (08)
b) Explain the principle of Nephelometry and Turbidimetry. (07)
- Q.8** Write notes on (**Any Three**) (15)
- a) Nujol mull techniques in IR.
 - b) Golay cell.
 - c) Applications of fluorimetry.
 - d) Phosphorescence