M. Sc. (Biotechnology) Sem-II (2012 Course)(Choice Based Credit System): WINTER - 2018

SUBJECT: MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

Day: Date:		Monday W-2018-1207	Time: 02.00 PM TO 05.00 PM Max Marks. 60
N.B. :	1) 2) 3)	Q. No.1 and Q. No.5 are COMPULSORY. Attempt 3 and 4 and from Q. No.6, 7 and 8. Figures to the right indicate FULL marks. Draw suitable diagrams WHEREVER necessary.	ot ANY TWO from Q. No. 2,
		SECTION-I	
Q.1		Answer ANY FIVE of the following in brief.	(10)
	a)b)c)d)e)f)	What are hypochromic and hyperchromic effects? What are insertion sequences? Define C-value paradox. What is a patch recombinant? How DNA replication in <i>E. coli</i> is terminated? State the role of Lex-A protein in SOS response.	
Q.2	a) b)	Describe the structure and role of telomere. Give an account on types and role of histone proteins.	(05) (05)
Q.3	a) b)	Explain the role of various DNA binding proteins in properties of the replication in <i>E. coli</i> . Describe the mechanism of homologous recombination	
Q.4		Write short notes on (ANY TWO):	(10)
	a)b)c)	Mismatch repair Excision repair Retroelements SECTION-II	
Q.5		Attempt ANY TWO of the following.	(10)
	a)b)c)	Describe the structure of prokaryotic RNA polymerase role of each subunit. What are 'TATA', 'DPE' and 'CAAT' Boxes? Justify to initiation of eukaryotic transcription. Define the terms: i) Universal factor ii) Enhancer iii) Activator iv) States and the structure of prokaryotic RNA polymerase role of each subunit.	enzyme and state the their significance in
Q.6	a) b)	How synthesis of proteins in <i>E.coli</i> is initiated? What is a Branch Site? What is its significance in splici	(05) ing of introns. (05)
Q. 7	a) b)	Explain catabolite repression giving example of Lactose Describe the mechanism for 3'end cleavage and polyad transcript in eukaryotic transcription.	-
Q.8		Write short notes on (ANY TWO):	(10)
	a)b)c)	Rho – dependent termination of transcription CpG islands Protein translocation * * * * *	*

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