

FINAL B.A.M.S (2012 COURSE) : WINTER-2017
SUBJECT : SHALYA TANTRA : PAPER - I

Day : Saturday
Date : 28-10-2017

Time : -
Max. Marks : 10

W-2017-3566

N.B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) You have to make \surd such kind of mark in the box of most appropriate answer.
- 3) This question paper itself is an answer script, you have to return to the Supervisor after 10 minutes.
- 4) There is no negative marking system.

Seat No. : _____

Total Marks Obtained: _____

Jr. Supervisor's Signature : _____

Signature of the Examiner: _____

Q.1 In a formed abscess _____ karma should be performed.

- a) Chhedana
- b) Bhedana
- c) Lekhana
- d) Eshana

Q.2 _____ kshar is used for internal/oral use.

- a) Pratisarniya
- b) Paneeya
- c) Teekshna
- d) All of the above

Q.3 Inj. Xylocaine 5% is used in _____ anaesthesia.

- a) Local
- b) General
- c) Spinal
- d) Regional

Q.4 The shalya which appears to be vanished is called _____.

- a) Abhyantar
- b) Bahya
- c) Pranashta
- d) Antargat

Q.5 _____ are used for invasive procedures.

- a) Shastra
- b) Yantra
- c) Upayantra
- d) Jalouka

P.T.O.

Q.6 This is one of the type of yantra _____.

- a) Pichu
- b) Sandash
- c) Rajju
- d) Plota

Q.7 _____ is the lakshana of shuddhavrana.

- a) Jivhatalabho
- b) Chipitikavanto
- c) Puya-Srava
- d) Vedana

Q.8 _____ is type of sivan karma.

- a) Round-body
- b) Tunna-sevani
- c) Cutting
- d) Straight

Q.9 _____ needle is used for suturing of soft structure.

- a) Round-body
- b) Straight-cutting
- c) Round-cutting
- d) None of the above

Q.10 This is used for volatile anaesthesia.

- a) Halothane
- b) Ketamine
- c) Propofol
- d) Scoline

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SUBJECT : SHALYA TANTRA – PAPER - I

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Time : 02.00 PM TO 05.00 PM
Max. Marks : 70

W-2017-3566

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- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
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SECTION - I

- Q. 1 Explain in detail about Pradhankarma. (15)
- Q. 2 Explain in detail about Bandha vidhi. (10)
- Q. 3 Write short notes on **ANY TWO** of the following: (10)
- a) Sadyapranhar marma
 - b) Ceftriaxone
 - c) X – Ray in acute abdomen

SECTION - II

- Q. 4 Explain in detail about Vranashotha. (15)
- Q. 5 Explain about Burn treatment. (10)
- Q. 6 Write short notes on **ANY TWO** of the following: (10)
- a) Abscess treatment
 - b) Kadar
 - c) Examination in Varicose Veins

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हिंदी रूपांतर

सूचना:

- १) सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं।
- २) दोनों विभाग एक ही उत्तरपत्रिकामें लिखिए।
- ३) दाहिने दिए हुए अंक प्रश्नोंका गुण दर्शाते हैं।

विभाग-१

- प्र.१ प्रधान कर्म के बारे में सविस्तर लिखिए। (१५)
- प्र.२ बंध विधी के बारे में सविस्तर लिखिए। (१०)
- प्र.३ टिपण्णी लिखिए। (कोई भी दो) (१०)
- अ) सद्यप्राणहर मर्म
ब) Ceftriaxone
क) X-ray in acute abdomen.

विभाग-२

- प्र.४ व्रणशोध के बारे में सविस्तर लिखिए। (१५)
- प्र.५ Burn treatment के बारे में सविस्तर लिखिए। (१०)
- प्र.६ टिपण्णी लिखिए। (कोई भी दो) (१०)
- अ) Abscess treatment
ब) कदर
क) Examination in varicose vein.

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FINAL - B.A.M.S (2012 COURSE) : WINTER - 2017
SUBJECT : SHALYA TANTRA : PAPER - II

Day : Monday
Date : 30-10-2017

Time : -
Max. Marks : 10

W-2017-3567

N.B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) You have to make ✓ such kind of mark in the box of most appropriate answer.
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- Q.1 Obstructed cholelithiasis may cause _____.
- a) Pyrexia
 - b) Obstructive jaundice
 - c) Appendicitis
 - d) Uro-lithiasis
- Q.2 Hydatid cysts are common in _____.
- a) Oesophagus
 - b) Gall bladder
 - c) Pancreas
 - d) Liver
- Q.3 Painful defecation is common in _____.
- a) Fissure -in-ano
 - b) Fistula-in-ano
 - c) Haemorrhoids
 - d) Hernia
- Q.4 Avascular necrosis is very common in _____ fracture.
- a) Neck of Femur
 - b) Radius
 - c) Ulna
 - d) Tibia
- Q.5 Diverticulum is a common condition in _____.
- a) Kidney
 - b) Ureter
 - c) Urethra
 - d) Urinary bladder

P.T.O.

Q.6 _____ spondylitis is also called bamboo-spine-disease.

- a) Cervical
- b) Lumbar
- c) Ankylosing
- d) Sacral

Q.7 Mootravruddhi means _____ in modern surgery.

- a) Hernia
- b) Ascites
- c) Hydrocele
- d) Haemorrhoids

Q.8 _____ are found at 3,7,11 O'clock position.

- a) Hernia
- b) Hydrocele
- c) Ascites
- d) Primary Haemorrhoids

Q.9 _____ can be a fatal condition.

- a) Oesophageal varices
- b) Renal Calculus
- c) Hydrocele
- d) Urethritis

Q.10 Psoas test is positive in _____.

- a) Pancreatitis
- b) Appendicitis
- c) Renal calculus
- d) Ureteric calculus

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SECTION - I

- Q. 1 Explain in detail about Ca Breast. (15)
- Q. 2 Explain in detail about treatment of Intestinal obstruction (10)
- Q. 3 Write short notes on **ANY TWO** of the following: (10)
- a) Phlegmon
 - b) Types of Bhagandar
 - c) Arsha Chikitsa

SECTION - II

- Q. 4 Explain in detail about Cholelithiasis. (15)
- Q. 5 Explain in detail about Mutrashmari. (10)
- Q. 6 Write short notes on **ANY TWO** of the following: (10)
- a) Examination in Inguino - Scrotal Swelling
 - b) D/D of Hematuria
 - c) Treatment of Splenomegaly

* * * * *

हिंदी रूपांतर

सूचना:

- १) सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं।
- २) दोनों विभाग एक ही उत्तरपत्रिका में लिखिए।
- ३) दाहिने दिए हुए अंक प्रश्नों का गुण दर्शाते हैं।

विभाग-१

- प्र.१ Ca Breast के बारे में सविस्तर लिखिए। (१५)
- प्र.२ Intestinal obstruction की चिकित्सा के बारे में सविस्तर लिखिए। (१०)
- प्र.३ टिपण्णी लिखिए। (कोई भी दो) (१०)
- अ) Phlegmon
ब) भगंदर के प्रकार
क) अर्श चिकित्सा

विभाग-२

- प्र.४ Cholelithiasis के बारे में सविस्तर लिखिए। (१५)
- प्र.५ मूत्राशमरी के बारे में सविस्तर लिखिए। (१०)
- प्र.६ टिपण्णी लिखिए। (कोई भी दो) (१०)
- अ) Examination in Inguino-Scrotal Swelling
ब) D/D of Hematuria
क) Treatment of Splenomegaly.

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