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## KEY TO TRANSLITERATION

अ	a, A	क्	k K	ट	ţa	भ	bha
आ	ā, Ā	ख	Ka	ठ	ţha	म	ma
इ	i, I	ख्	Kh	ड	фа	य	ya
ई	Ī, Ī	ख	Kha	ढ	ḍha	र	Ra
उ	u, U	ग्	g	ण	ù Ņ	ल	La
ऊ	ū, Ū	घ	ga	त	ta	व	Va
来	ŗ,Ŗ	घ	gha	थ	tha	श	Śa
ए	e, E	ङ	'nа,Ñа	द	da	ঘ	Şa
ऐ	ai, Ai	छा	Ca	ध	dha	स	Sa
ओ	o, O	চ্চ	Cha	न	na	ह	На
औ	au, Au	झ	ja	ч	pa	क्ष	kṣa
अं	ṃ, M઼	झ	jha	फ	pha	त्र	Tra
अः	аḥ ,АḤ	স	ña,Ña	ৰ	ba	ॹ	Jña

### **ABBREVIATIONS**

Caraka Samhitā Ca. Sa. Suśruta Samhitā Su. Sa. A. H. Aṣṭāñga Hṛdaya Bh P. Bhāvaprakāśa Aṣṭāñga Saṃgraha - A. S. Mādhava Nidāna - Ma. Ni. Dalhana Tika Da. Ti. Cakra Dutta Ca. Da. Śārañgadhara Saṃhitā Śā. Sa. Bh. Sa. Bhela Samhitā Kāśyapa Samhitā Kā. Sa. Hā. Sa. Hārīta Saṃhitā Yoga Ratnākara Y. R. Before Treatment B. T After Treatment A. T. After Follow Up A.F. Number No. Ni Nidānsthān Sutrasthān Su. Śa Śarirasthān Ci Cikitsasthān

Viz. - Namely

Siddhisthan

S. No.

Pts.

Gr.

Yrs.

RT

LT

Serial Number

Patients

Group

Years

Right

Ltf

Left

Si

SD - Standard Error Std. - Standard

BT - Before treatment AT - After Treatment

#### **ABSTRACT**

Title: A Comparative Study of Janu Basti With Sahachar Tail & Agnikarama With Tamrashalaka In Janu Sandhigat Vāta

<u>Introduction:</u> Osteoarthritis of knee is more prevalent in Indian population. This disease simulates to the Sandhigata Vāta. It is one of the degenerative Joint Disease characterised by breakdown of joint cartilage. Osteoarthritis is the 2<sup>nd</sup> most common disease in the world population i.e. 30%. Knee joint is the most affected site. The major risk factors associated with Knee joint are old age, obesity, occupational knee bending etc. which makes it an important cause of disability. Âcārya Suṣrūṭa has explained Vāyu entrapped in Snāyu, Sandhi & Asthi which should be treated with **Snehan, Swedan, Upanāha, Agnikarma, Bandha** and **Mardana** (Su.Ci.4/8). Hence the present study was planned to evaluate efficacy of Jānubasti and Agnikarma in Jānusandhigata Vāta.

Material & Methods: 100 patients (50 in each Group) were taken for study. Jānubasti with Sahacar Taila administered once a day up to 7 days for Group A on 50 pts. and Agnikarma with Tamraśalāka was done on maximum area of tenderness once a day up to 7 days for Group B on 50 pts. Symptoms of Jānusandhigata Vāta viz- Šūla, Šotha, Sparśashatva 'Ānkuncan Prasāranajanya Vedanā , Sandhispuṭan. and Sakaṣṭacalan were assessed. All Patients were subjected to X-ray of Knee Joint AP and Lateral View for confirming diagnosis. The objective parameter were assessed with help of Ānkuncan-Prasāranajanya Vedanā (range of movement of knee) was examined using Goniometry Scale, for Šūla -Numeric Pain Intensity scale and for Sakaṣṭacalan by walking distance covered in second was taken.

**Results-** All the patients had full range of movement without increased pain and there was reduction in Numeric Pain Intensity Scale in both groups. In within the group p value is <0.05 indicating significance of each treatment group. In between group comparison the p value is >0.05 indicating no significant difference between the two groups.

<u>Conclusion</u>: Jānubasti with Sahacar Taila and Agnikarma with Tāmraşalākā were equally effective in the management of Jānusandhigata Vāta.

**Key words-** Jānubasti , Agnikarma, Symptoms of Jānusandhigata Vāta ,Goniometry